

Inverse Z-Transform

- ① $Z\{\delta[n]\} = 1$ $Z\{\delta[n-3]\} = z^{-3}$ $Z\{n\delta[n-1]\} = -z \frac{dz^{-1}}{dz} = -z \cdot (-z^{-1})$
 $Z\{n\delta[n-1]\} = z^{-1}$
- ② $Z\{u[n]\} = \frac{z}{z-1}$ ④ $Z\{nu[n]\} = \frac{z}{(z-1)^2}$
- ③ $Z\{0.3^n u[n]\} = \frac{z}{z-0.3}$

Exp/Find $X[n]$ $X(z) = \frac{1 - \frac{5}{6}z^{-1}}{(1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1})(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})} \cdot z^{-1}$
 Sol: $X(z) = \frac{z^2 - \frac{5}{6}z}{(z - \frac{1}{4})(z - \frac{1}{3})}$, $\frac{X(z)}{z} = \frac{z - \frac{5}{6}}{(z - \frac{1}{4})(z - \frac{1}{3})}$

$\frac{X(z)}{z} = \frac{A}{z - \frac{1}{4}} + \frac{B}{z - \frac{1}{3}}$
 $A = \lim_{z \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}} \left[\frac{z - \frac{5}{6}}{(z - \frac{1}{3})} \times (z - \frac{1}{4}) \right] = 7$
 $B = \lim_{z \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}} \left[\frac{z - \frac{5}{6}}{(z - \frac{1}{4})} \times (z - \frac{1}{3}) \right] = -6$

$X(z) = \frac{7z}{z - \frac{1}{4}} - \frac{6z}{z - \frac{1}{3}}$
 I-Z.T
 $X[n] = 7 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u[n] - 6 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n]$

Exp/ Find $x(n)$

$$X(z) = \frac{z^4 + z^2}{z^2 - \frac{3}{4}z + \frac{1}{8}}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} z^2 - \frac{3}{4}z + \frac{1}{8} \overline{) z^3 + z} \\ \underline{z^2 - \frac{3}{4}z + \frac{1}{8}z} \\ \frac{7}{4}z + \frac{1}{8}z \end{array}$$

$$\frac{X(z)}{z} = \frac{z^3 + z}{z^2 - \frac{3}{4}z + \frac{1}{8}}$$

$$\frac{X(z)}{z} = z + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\frac{23}{16}z - \frac{3}{32}}{z^2 - \frac{3}{4}z + \frac{1}{8}}$$

$$\frac{X(z)}{z} = z + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\frac{23}{16}z - \frac{3}{32}}{(z - \frac{1}{2})(z - \frac{1}{4})}$$

$$\frac{X(z)}{z} = z + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{A}{z - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{B}{z - \frac{1}{4}}$$

$$A = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$B = -\frac{17}{16}$$

$$X(z) = z^2 + \frac{3}{4}z + \frac{\frac{5}{2}z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{-\frac{17}{16}z}{z - \frac{1}{4}}$$

I. Z. T

$$X[n] = \delta[n+2] + \frac{3}{4}\delta[n+1] + \frac{5}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] + \frac{-17}{16} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u[n]$$

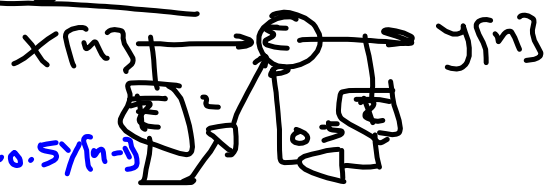
Z-Transform for discrete system

Exp/ For LTI system

① Find system stability

Sol:

$$y[n] = x[n] + 2x[n-1] + 0.5y[n-1]$$



Z.T
$$Y(z) = X(z) + 2z^{-1}X(z) + 0.5z^{-1}Y(z)$$

$$Y(z) - 0.5z^{-1}Y(z) = X(z) + 2z^{-1}X(z)$$

$$(1 - 0.5z^{-1})Y(z) = (1 + 2z^{-1})X(z)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.5z^{-1}} = \frac{z + 2}{z - 0.5}$$

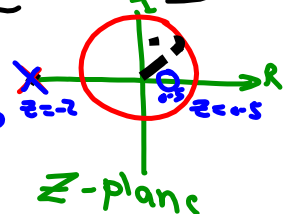
Zeros

$$z + 2 = 0 \Rightarrow z = -2$$

Poles

$$z - 0.5 = 0 \Rightarrow z = 0.5$$

system stable



Exp 2 / $y[n] = x[n] - 2x[n-2] + 0.5y[n-1]$
 ~~$+ 0.6y[n-2]$~~

Find system stability

Sol / $Y(z) = X(z) - 2z^{-2}X(z) + 0.5z^{-1}Y(z)$
 ~~$- 0.6z^{-2}Y(z)$~~

$Y(z)(1 + 0.5z^{-1} - 0.6z^{-2}) = X(z)(1 - 2z^{-2})$

$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{1 - 2z^{-2}}{1 - 0.5z^{-1} + 0.6z^{-2}}$

$H(z) = \frac{z^2 - 2}{z^2 + 0.5z + 0.6}$

Zeros / $z^2 - 2 = 0 \quad z = \pm\sqrt{2}$

Poles / $z = \sqrt{2} \quad z = -\sqrt{2}$
 $z^2 - 0.5z + 0.6 = 0$

$(z - 0.7)(z - 0.2) = 0$

$z = 0.7$

$z = 0.2$

System stable

